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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/750,935	01/02/2004	Philip S. Siegel	067439.0158	1902	
5073 BAKER BOTT	5073 7590 11/19/2007 BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.			EXAMINER	
2001 ROSS AV			SHAAWAT, MUSSA A		
SUITE 600 DALLAS, TX 75201-2980			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3627		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			11/19/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ptomail1@bakerbotts.com glenda.orrantia@bakerbotts.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/750,935	SIEGEL, PHILIP S.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Mussa A. Shaawat	3627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1)	s action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters, p		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4-7,9,11-15,17 and 19-27 is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4-7,9,11-15,17 and 19-27 is/are per 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposition accomposition and accomposition and accomposition and accomposition and accomposition accomposition and accomposition accomposition accomposition and accomposition accompos	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Setion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Application of the contract o	ation No ived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/14/2007	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date	

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Response to Amendment

1. This communication is in response to the amendment filed on September 14, 2007. Claims 1, 15, 17, 19-22, 24, and 26-27 have been amended. Claims 3, 8, 10, 16 and 18 have been cancelled. Claims 1-2, 4-7, 9, 11-15, 17, and 19-27 are pending examination.

2. IDS submitted on September 14, 2007 have been considered.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-2, 4-7, 9, 11-15, 17, and 19-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first 6. paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The examiner found no support in the applicant specification for "on-line processing of merchandise returns for a plurality of merchants; Storing a set of return rules in a database for each of the plurality of merchants; in response to receiving the request from the customer, identifying a merchant associated with the at least one item of merchandise and identifying transaction information associated with the at least one item of merchandise;" recited in claim 1, 15, 17, 19, 20, 21-22, 24 and 26. In addition there is no support in applicant specification for "a logic embodied in a computer-readable medium and when executed operable to:" recited in claims 17, 21 and 26-27, therefore the amendments to claims 17, 21 and 26-27 are not sufficient to overcome the 101 rejection and is maintained. Correction is required by applicant

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

7. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

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8. Claims 17, 21 and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 17, 21 and 26-27 recite *computer product*, which do not fall within the four statutory classes of 101. Computer product is non-statutory subject matter unless embodied within a computer-readable storage medium such as computer hard disk or the like. Appropriate corrections are required to overcome the 101 rejections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 1-2, 4-7, 9, 11-15, 17, and 19-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Arganbright in view of Roman et al., US PG Pub. No. (US 2002/0010634 a1) and in further view of Lorenzen et al, US Patent No. (7,197,475) referred to hereinafter as Lorenzen.
- 11. Claim 1: Arganbright teaches a method of using a computer system for on-line processing of merchandise returns for a plurality of merchants, comprising the steps of: Storing a set of return rules in a database for each of the plurality of merchants (see at least col.62 line 51-col.63 line 10, downloading (information is stored in a database or memory) satisfaction guarantees i.e. rules of returning a merchandise); receiving, via the Internet, a return request representing a request by a customer to initiate a return of

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at least one item of merchandise, (see col.63 8-11); and processing the return in accordance with the set of return rules associated with the merchant (see col.63 1-10, user reviews the satisfaction guarantee rules).

Arganbright does not expressly teach using the set of return rules associated with the identified merchant and the transaction information to validate the return; upon validating the return, electronically delivering data about the customer to the merchant associated with the return.

However, Roman teach using the set of return rules associated with the identified merchant and the transaction information to validate the return; upon validating the return, electronically delivering data about the customer to the merchant associated with the return (see at least Para [0021]-[0023]). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Roman into the disclosure of Arganbright in order to prevent the invalid return of merchandise.

In addition neither Arganbright nor Roman expressly teach plurality of merchants or identifying a merchant associated with the at least one item of merchandise. However, Lorenzen teaches identifying at least one item associated with at least one vendor or merchant, (see col.12 lines 24-37). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Lorenzen into the disclosure of Arganbright and Roman in order to enhance the flexibility of the consumer by giving the consumer more choices to choose from e.g. multiple vendors to select from.

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Claim 2: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, wherein the receiving step is

performed via an Internet access tool associated with the customer, (see col.63 lines 5-

8).

Claim 4: Arganbright does not expressly teach the step of determining whether the

return is valid prior to the downloading step. However Roman teaches the step of

determining whether the return is valid prior to the downloading step (see pp 0016 line 2

submitted return is analyzed for fraud against a database). It would have been obvious

to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teachings of Roman into the

disclosure of Arganbright in order to prevent the invalid return of merchandise.

Claim 5: official notice is taken regarding the old and notorious practice of giving notice

to customer that the request has been rejected and is made final.

Claim 6: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, wherein the processing step is

performed by determining disposition of the item, (see col.63 lines 1-10).

Claim 7: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, wherein the processing step is

performed by determining a shipping destination of the item, (see col.63 lines 29-31).

Claim 9: official notice is taken regarding the old and notorious practice of crediting an

account of the customer.

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Claim 11: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, further comprising the step of providing a user interface to the customer, via an Internet access tool, wherein the user interface displays information associated with return of one or more items purchased by the customer, (see col.63 lines 1-11).

Claim 12: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 11, wherein the user interface displays a list of transactions associated with the customer, listing items for potential return by the customer, (see col.63 lines 1-11).

Claim 13: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, further comprising the step of downloading a return label to the customer via the Internet, (see col.63 lines 23-35).

Claim 14: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 1, further comprising the step of notifying a shipping agent of the return, (see col.63 lines 23-35).

Claim 25: Arganbright teaches a method of claim 24, wherein the system is further programmed to electronically provide the merchant with information about the customer, (see col.46 lines 35-53).

Claims 15, 17, 19-24, and 26-27, the limitations of claims 15, 17, 19-24, and 26-27 are similar to the limitations of claims 1 and 25, therefore claims 15, 17, 19-24, and 26-27 are rejected based on the same rationale.

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Cited references

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Please refer to form 892 for cited references.

Contact Information

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mussa A. Shaawat whose telephone number is 571-272-2945. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8am-5:30pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Florian Zeender can be reached on 571-272-6790. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Mussa Shaawat Patent Examiner October 30, 2007

> MICHAEL CUFF PRIMARY EXAMINER

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